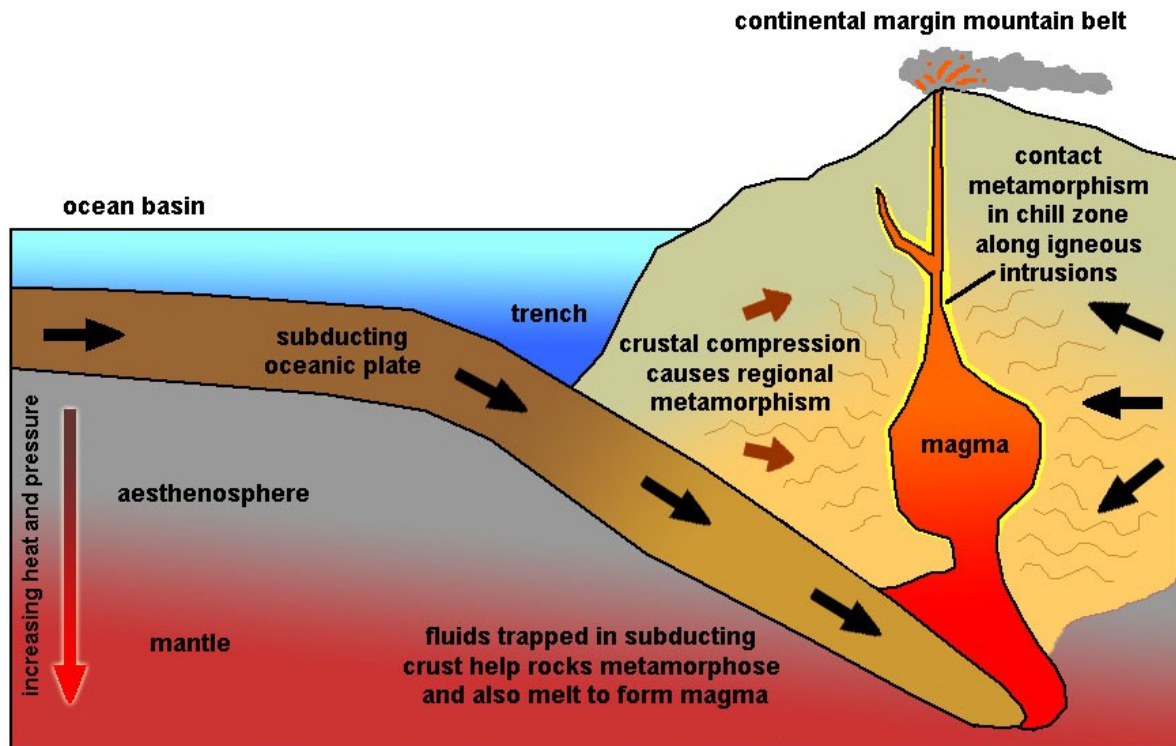


The Earth is a rocky planet. We can classify all the rocks on Earth into three main groups according to their origin:

- a) igneous rock
- b) sedimentary rock
- c) metamorphic rock

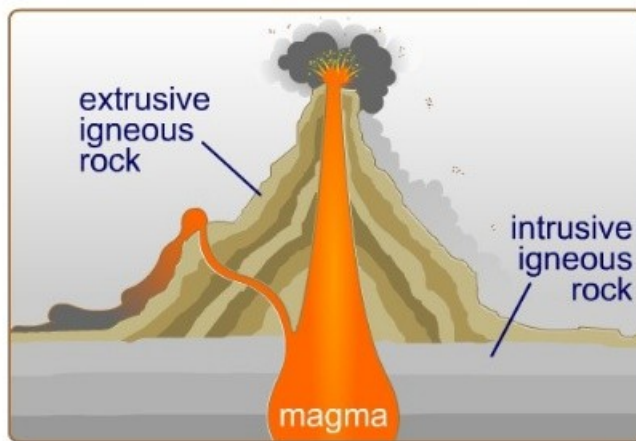
The surface of the Earth is in a process of continuous recycling.



### a) The formation of igneous rocks

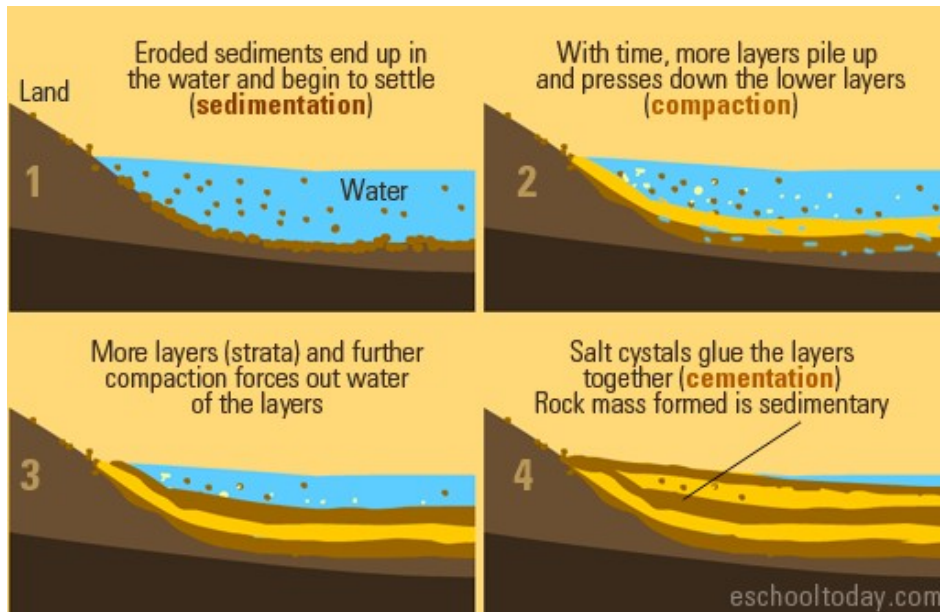
#### ● How are igneous rocks formed?

Deep in the ground is molten rock called **magma**. Sometimes, magma bursts through the surface causing volcanic eruptions. Igneous rocks are formed when **magma cools and solidifies**.



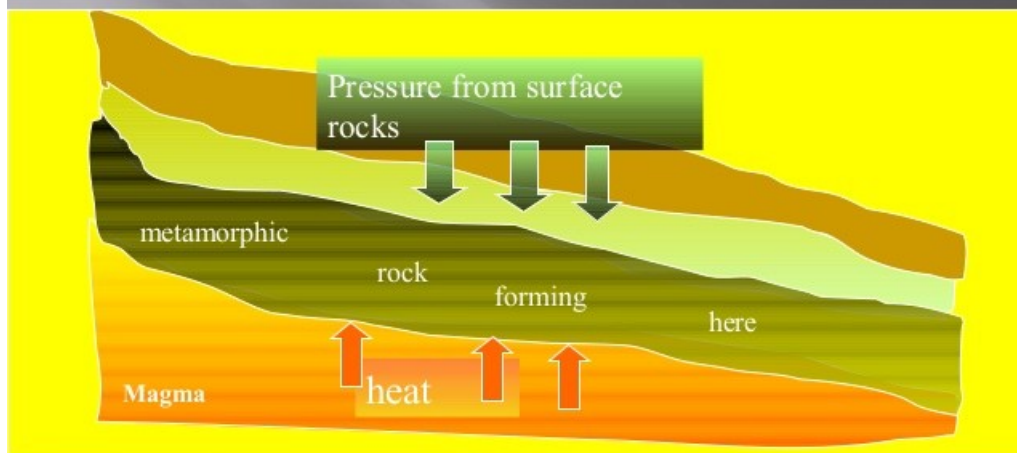
- When magma cools above the surface, **extrusive igneous rocks** are formed.
- When magma cools below the surface, **intrusive igneous rocks** are formed.

**b) The formation of sedimentary rocks**

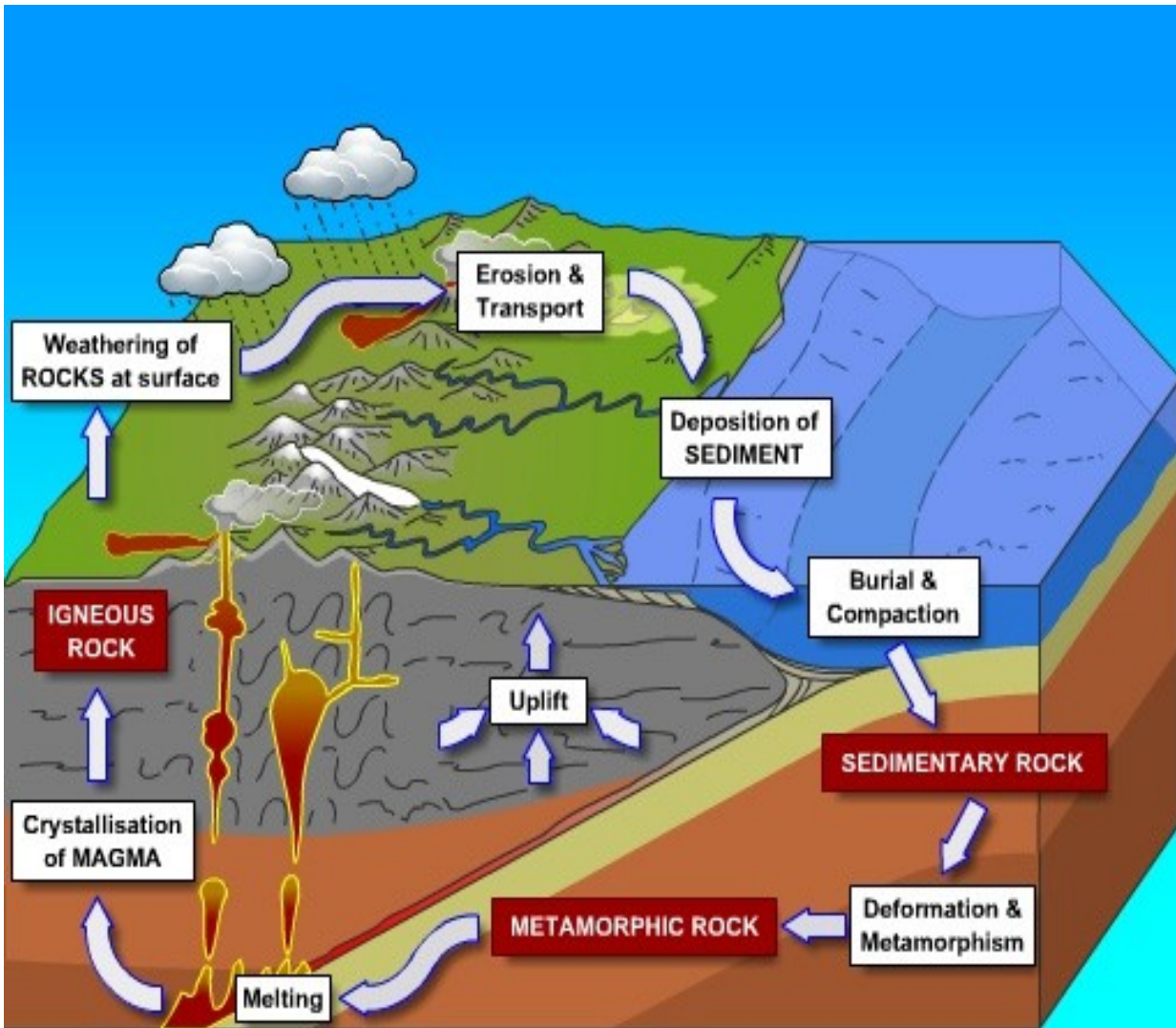


### c) The formation of metamorphic rocks

- Metamorphic rocks are formed by the effect of heat and pressure on existing rocks.
- This can greatly affect the hardness, texture or layer patterns of the rocks.



### The cycle of rock formation





**Task:** Use the illustration below to describe the formation of different types of rock.

